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PATENT APPLICATION

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 10004941-1

IN THE U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
Patent Application Transmittal LetterASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing under 37 CFR 1.53(b) is a(n): ☒ Utility () Design☒ original patent application,

() continuation-in-part application

INVENTOR(S): David P. Ferguson et al

TITLE: Device Detection System And Method

Enclosed are:

- ☒ The Declaration and Power of Attorney. () signed ☒ unsigned or partially signed
- ☒ 4 sheets of drawings (one set) () Associate Power of Attorney
- () Form PTO-1449 () Information Disclosure Statement and Form PTO-1449
- () Priority document(s) () (Other) (fee \$)

CLAIMS AS FILED BY OTHER THAN A SMALL ENTITY				
(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) TOTALS
TOTAL CLAIMS	34 — 20	14	X \$18	\$ 252
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS	4 — 3	1	X \$78	\$ 78
ANY MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS	0		\$260	\$ 0
BASIC FEE: Design (\$310.00); Utility (\$690.00)				\$ 690
TOTAL FILING FEE				\$ 1,020
OTHER FEES				\$
TOTAL CHARGES TO DEPOSIT ACCOUNT				\$ 1,020

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By

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Respectfully submitted,

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DEVICE DETECTION SYSTEM AND METHOD

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The present disclosure relates to a device detection system and method. More particularly, the present disclosure relates to a system and method with which devices connected to various hosts of a network can be detected from a central control point.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 In most office settings, a plurality of computing devices or hosts are interconnected through a network, for example, a local area network (LAN). Such hosts can include, for instance, personal computers (PCs), network servers, and the like. Normally, many or all of these hosts comprise devices that are directly connected to the hosts. Such devices can include, for example, disk drives, tape drives, tape libraries, modems, *etc.*

15 It is often useful for the network manager and/or technician to know what hosts are connected to the network and what devices are connected to these hosts. For instance, this information is useful in maintaining an inventory of the network devices. However,

it can be difficult to keep track of all the devices connected to the network, particularly where the network is large and comprises many different hosts. Presently, the existence of such devices is determined by manually scanning each host of the network separately. Once each host has been scanned in this manner, the various devices can be located from
5 a central point and, if desired, can be accessed for use from this central point or from another point in the network.

Clearly, the procedure described above can be time-consuming, especially where the network is large. Therefore, it would be desirable to have a system and method for detecting devices connected to the network from a central control point so as to simplify
10 and at least partially automate the device detection procedure.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present disclosure relates to a system and method for detecting devices connected to a network. The method comprises sending a scan request to a remote
15 command process running on a remote network host, scanning the network host with the remote command process to determine if devices are connected to the host, and receiving a response to the scan request from the remote command process that indicates whether a device is connected to the network host. In a preferred arrangement, the remote command process sends a scan request to a host application program interface to receive
20 device addresses. With these addresses, the remote command process requests information from the devices.

The device detection system typically comprises a controller process stored on a first network host, the controller process being configured to send a scan request to a remote network host, and a remote command process stored on a second network host, the remote command process being configured to receive the scan request sent by the controller process and initiate a scan of the second network host to determine whether devices are connected to the second network host. Preferably, the system further comprises a host lookup process that maintains an updated list of every network host that is running a remote command process.

The features and advantages of the invention will become apparent upon reading the following specification, when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention can be better understood with reference to the following drawings. The components in the drawings are not necessarily to scale, emphasis instead being placed upon clearly illustrating the principles of the present invention.

FIG. 1 is a schematic view of a device detection system of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a schematic view of an example network in which the device detection system of FIG. 1 is used.

FIG. 3 is a flow diagram of a method for detecting devices connected to a network from a central control point.

FIG. 4 is a flow diagram of a method for detecting devices connected to a particular host.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

5 Referring now in more detail to the drawings, in which like numerals indicate corresponding parts throughout the several views, FIG. 1 illustrates a device detection system 100 of the present invention. Generally speaking, the device detection system 100 comprises a controller process (CP) 102, a remote command process (RCP) 104, and a host lookup process (HLP) 106. As will be appreciated from the discussion that follows, each of
10 the processes identified in FIG. 1 can be implemented in software and/or hardware provided in one or more hosts of a network. Persons having ordinary skill in the art will understand that, where the processes are implemented in software, these processes can be stored and transported on any computer readable medium for use by or in connection with an instruction execution system, apparatus, or device, such that a computer-based system,
15 processor containing system, or other system can fetch the instructions from the instruction execution system, apparatus, or device and execute the instructions.

In the context of this disclosure, a “computer readable medium” can be a means that can contain, store, communicate, propagate, or transport the program for use by or in connection with the instruction execution system, apparatus or device. A compute readable
20 medium can be, for example, an electronic, magnetic, optical, electromagnetic, infrared, or semiconductor system, apparatus, device, or propagation medium. More specific examples

of compute readable media include the following: an electrical connection having one or more wires, camera memory card, affordable computer diskette, a random access memory (RAM), a read only memory (ROM), an erasable programmable read only memory (EPROM or Flash memory), an optical fiber, and a portable compact disk read only
5 memory (CD ROM). It is to be noted that the computer readable medium can even be paper or another suitable medium upon which the program is printed as the program can be electronically captured, via for instance optical scanning of the paper or other medium, then compiled, interpreted, or otherwise processed in a suitable manner if necessary, and then stored in a computer memory.

10 With reference to FIG. 1, the CP 102 serves as a central control point of the device detection system 10. Accordingly, the CP 102 normally comprises a user interface with which a user communicates with the device detection system 100. As will be apparent from the discussion that follows, the CP 102 is used to send commands to the various hosts of the network so that information regarding these hosts (*e.g.*, the number and nature of devices
15 connected to these hosts) can be retrieved and communicated to the user.

The RCP 104 comprises a process that is provided on at least each host that comprises devices to be detected. Normally, the RCP 104 is arranged as a service that continuously runs in the background of the host. Therefore, the RCP 104 normally runs in an idle state until called upon to scan the host to determine which devices are connected to
20 the host. In particular, the RCP 104 normally is called upon to interface with the host upon receiving a scan request from the CP 102. In addition to scanning the host to detect devices,

the RCP 104 further registers with the HLP 106. Normally, this registration initially occurs upon start-up of the RCP 104. Accordingly, when the RCP is initiated, the RCP sends a message to the HLP 106 to inform the HLP of the RCP's existence. In addition to this initial registration, the RCP 104 normally reconfirms its registration with the HLP 106
5 periodically (*e.g.*, once every minute) such that its registration is periodically updated with the HLP.

The HLP 106 maintains a list of the registered RCPs 104 of the network. In use, the HLP 106 receives the registration messages from the RCPs 104 and registers the RCPs' existence. Due to the periodic reconfirmation of registration received from the RCPs 104,
10 the HLP 106 normally maintains an up-to-the-minute inventory of the hosts within the network that include RCPs 104. The HLP 106 shares the information contained within the list with the CP 102 upon receiving requests for this information from the CP. Normally, the HLP 106 will time-out a host if the HLP does not receive a confirmation from the host's RCP 104 after a predetermined length of time. In particular, if a confirmation of an RCP's
15 existence is not obtained after the expiration of this time period, the HLP 106 assumes that the RCP's host has shut down.

As indicated in FIG. 1, the CP 102 is connected to both the RCP 104 and the HLP 106 so that it can communicate to these processes. In addition, the RCP 104 is connected to the HLP 106 in like manner. As is further indicated in FIG. 1, each of these processes 102-
20 106 communicate with a process communications system such as an interprocess communication system. Although this process communication system can take

substantially any form, the system normally comprises one which can be used with substantially any operating system. One example of a suitable process communications system is remote method invocation (RMI) written in the JAVA language. As is known in the art, JAVA RMI[®] can be used with any operating system that is capable of running the
5 JAVA Virtual Machine[®]. Other suitable systems include a Corba[®] based system and a DCOM based system.

FIG. 2 illustrates an example network 200 in which the device detection system 100 can be used. As indicated in this figure, the network 200 comprises a network backbone 202 to which a plurality of hosts 204 are connected. Each host 204 comprises a computing
10 device. By way of example, the hosts can comprise workstations, servers, or any equivalent computing device capable of connecting to the network 200. As indicated in FIG. 2, the network 200 can comprise any number of hosts 1 through n. By way of example, four hosts 204 are depicted in FIG. 2, *i.e.*, Host 1, Host 2, Host 3, and Host n. As will be appreciated by persons of ordinary skill in the art, each of the hosts 204 operate with an operating
15 system stored therein. The particular type of operating system running on each host 204 is not significant to proper operation of the device detection system 100. Accordingly, the network 200 can comprise a heterogeneous network in which many different operating systems are used by the network hosts 204. By way of example, the hosts can be operating a Windows[®] system, a Linux[®] system, an HP-UX[®] system, a Solaris[®] system, or the like.

20 As indicated in FIG. 2, each of the hosts 204 can comprise a process of the device detection system 100 shown in FIG. 1. Accordingly, by way of example, Host 1 comprises

the CP 102, Host 3 comprises the HLP 106, and Hosts 2 and n comprise RCPs 104. Although a particular correlation between the various hosts 204 and the processes 102-106 is illustrated in FIG. 2, it is to be understood that these locations are exemplary only. In fact, a single host 204 of the network 200 can, optionally, comprise each of the CP 102, RCP 104, and HLP 106, if desired. Normally however, each host 204 within the network 200 will know the location of the HLP 106 such that each host comprising an RCP 104 is capable of registering with the HLP and the CP 102 can locate the HLP when sending a host list request.

With further reference to FIG. 2, Host 2 and Host n comprise devices 206 that are directly connected to these hosts. By way of example, these devices 206 are connected to their respective hosts 204 with a common connection protocol such as small computer system interface (SCSI). Alternatively, the devices 206 can be connected to the host 204 with fiber channel technology. By way of example, each device 206 can comprise disk drive, tape drive, tape library, modem, or substantially any other device commonly connected to a network host. Typically, each host 204 is equipped with an application program interface (API) that is capable of scanning the host bus to determine the addresses of the various devices 206 that are connected to it.

FIG. 3 illustrates a method for detecting devices across a network such as that illustrated in FIG. 2. In particular, FIG. 3 illustrates the use of the CP 102 of the device detection system 100 in communicating with the RCP 104 and LCP 106 of the system to locate and obtain information about these devices. As indicated in block 300, the CP 102

awaits instructions from, for example, a user of the system. Normally, the CP 102 is located at a central control workstation that is convenient to the user. As indicated at 302, it is first determined whether the CP 102 will obtain host information prior to conducting the device detection. Normally, this determination is made by the user in requesting the device
5 detection. However, this determination could, alternatively, be made by the CP 102 if the CP is pre-programmed for automatic device detection. If the host list is to be consulted prior to conducting the device detection, flow continues to block 304 where the CP 102 requests the host list from the HLP 106. As identified above, the CP 102 communicates with the HCP 106 through the process communication system (FIG. 1)

10 Once the host list request has been delivered to the HLP 106, the HLP transmits the list to the CP 102 and the host list is received by the CP as indicated in block 306. Once the hosts to be scanned have been identified, the CP 102 initializes a device scan across the network as indicated in block 308. Where the host list is not to be consulted prior to conducting the device scan, *i.e.*, where the CP 102 or the user already knows which hosts to
15 scan without the list, flow continues from 302 directly to block 308.

The CP 102 sends scan requests to each of the selected hosts as identified in block 310. Normally, the scan requests are issued from the CP 102 to the various RCPs 104 in parallel. In particular, a thread (*i.e.*, a flow of execution within a process) can be directed to each RCP 104 that is to be scanned for devices. FIG. 4 illustrates a method for detecting
20 devices connected to a particular host with an RCP 104. In particular, this figure illustrates the device detection steps involved when a scan request is received. As indicated in block

400, the host RCP 104 awaits the scan request from the CP 102. Once a scan request is received from the CP 102 as indicated in block 402, the RCP 104 requests device address information from the API of its host as indicated in block 404. At this point, the API performs a device scan of the host, as indicated in block 406, to determine the addresses of the devices, if any. Once the addresses have been determined, the API communicates the device addresses to the RCP 104 as indicated in block 408. The RCP 104 then uses these addresses to obtain information about the various devices connected to the host. In particular, the RCP 104 requests information as to the device name and type from the device as indicated in block 410. After obtaining this information, the RCP 104 can send this information to the CP 102 as indicated in block 414. At this point, flow can return to block 400, and the RCP 104 can again await a scan request from the CP 102.

Once some or all of the device detection information has been collected by the CP 102, this information can be communicated to the user, as indicated in block 314 with, for instance, the control point host (Host 1 in FIG. 2). By way of example, this information can be transmitted to the user in tabular form and can include the names of the devices, the types of the devices, the hosts to which these devices are connected, and the device addresses of the devices. At this point, the CP 102 and the user interfacing with the CP will know the number, location, and type of each device connected to the network 200. Flow can then return to block 300 and the CP 102 can again await instructions as identified above. With the device information, the various devices can be accessed through conventional methods so that they can be used remotely. For instance, where a particular

device is a storage device, the device can perform a “write” function so that information transmitted to the host to which the device is connected can be stored by the device.

While particular embodiments of the invention have been disclosed in detail in the foregoing description and drawings for purposes of example, it will be understood by those
5 skilled in the art that variations and modifications thereof can be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the following claims.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method for detecting devices connected to a network, comprising:
sending a scan request to a remote command process running on a remote network
5 host;
scanning the network host with the remote command process to determine if
devices are connected to the host; and
receiving a response to the scan request from the remote command process that
indicates whether a device is connected to the network host.
10
2. The method of claim 1, wherein a controller process is used to send the
scan request to the remote command process.
3. The method of claim 2, wherein the controller process runs on a network
15 host.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein scanning the network host with the
remote command process comprises sending a scan request from the remote command
process to a host application program interface.
20

5. The method of claim 4, wherein scanning the network host with the remote command process further comprises receiving device addresses from the application program interface and requesting information from the devices directly via the addresses.

5

6. The method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining an updated list of each network host running a remote command process with a host lookup process.

7. The method of claim 6, further comprising consulting the list prior to sending the scan request.

8. The method of claim 1, further comprising sending multiple scan requests to multiple remote command processes stored on network hosts.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein the scan requests are sent in parallel.

10. The method of claim 1, further comprising communicating information concerning the detected devices to a user.

11. A device detection system for detecting devices connected to a network,
comprising:

means for sending a scan request to a remote command process running on a
remote network host;

5 means for scanning the network host with the remote command process to
determine if devices are connected to the host; and

means for receiving a response to the scan request from the remote command
process that indicates whether a device is connected to the network host.

10 12. The system of claim 11, wherein a controller process is used to send the
scan request to the remote command process.

13. The system of claim 12, wherein the controller process runs on a network
host.

15

14. The system of claim 11, wherein the means for scanning the network host
with the remote command process comprises means for sending a scan request from the
remote command process to a host application program interface.

15. The system of claim 14, wherein the means for scanning the network host with the remote command process further comprises means for receiving device addresses from the application program interface and requesting information from the devices directly via the addresses.

5

16. The system of claim 11, further comprising means for maintaining an updated list of each network host running a remote command process with a host lookup process.

10

17. The system of claim 16, further comprising means for consulting the list prior to sending the scan request.

18. The system of claim 11, further comprising means for sending multiple scan requests to multiple remote command processes stored on network hosts.

15

19. The system of claim 18, wherein the scan requests are sent in parallel.

20. The system of claim 11, further comprising means for communicating information concerning the detected devices to a user.

20

21. A device detection system for detecting devices connected to a network, comprising:

logic configured to send a scan request to a remote command process running on a remote network host;

5 logic configured to scan the network host with the remote command process to determine if devices are connected to the host; and

logic configured to receive a response to the scan request from the remote command process that indicates whether a device is connected to the network host.

10 22. The system of claim 21, wherein a controller process is used to send the scan request to the remote command process.

23. The system of claim 22, wherein the controller process runs on a network host.

15

24. The system of claim 21, wherein the logic configured to scan the network host with the remote command process comprises logic configured to send a scan request from the remote command process to a host application program interface.

25. The system of claim 24, wherein the logic configured to scan the network host with the remote command process further comprises logic configured to receive device addresses from the application program interface and requesting information from the devices directly via the addresses.

5

26. The system of claim 21, further comprising logic configured to maintain an updated list of each network host running a remote command process with a host lookup process.

10

27. The system of claim 26, further comprising logic configured to consult the list prior to sending the scan request.

28. The system of claim 21, further comprising logic configured to send multiple scan requests to multiple remote command processes stored on network hosts.

15

29. The system of claim 28, wherein the scan requests are sent in parallel.

30. The system of claim 21, further comprising logic configured to communicate information concerning the detected devices to a user.

20

31. A device detection system for remotely detecting devices connected to a network, comprising:

a controller process running on a first network host, the controller process being configured to send a scan request to a remote network host; and

5 a remote command process stored on a second network host, the remote command process being configured to receive the scan request sent by the controller process and initiate a scan of the second network host to determine whether devices are connected to the second network host.

10 32. The system of claim 31, further comprising a host lookup process that maintains an updated list of every network host that is running a remote command process.

15 33. The system of claim 32, wherein the host lookup process runs on the first network host.

34. The system of claim 32, wherein the host lookup process runs on a third network host.

ABSTRACT

The present disclosure relates to a system and method for detecting devices connected to a network. The method comprises sending a scan request to a remote command process running on a remote network host, scanning the network host with the remote command process to determine if devices are connected to the host, and receiving a response to the scan request from the remote command process that indicates whether a device is connected to the network host. In a preferred arrangement, the remote command process sends a scan request to a host application program interface to receive device addresses. With these addresses, the remote command process requests information from the devices.

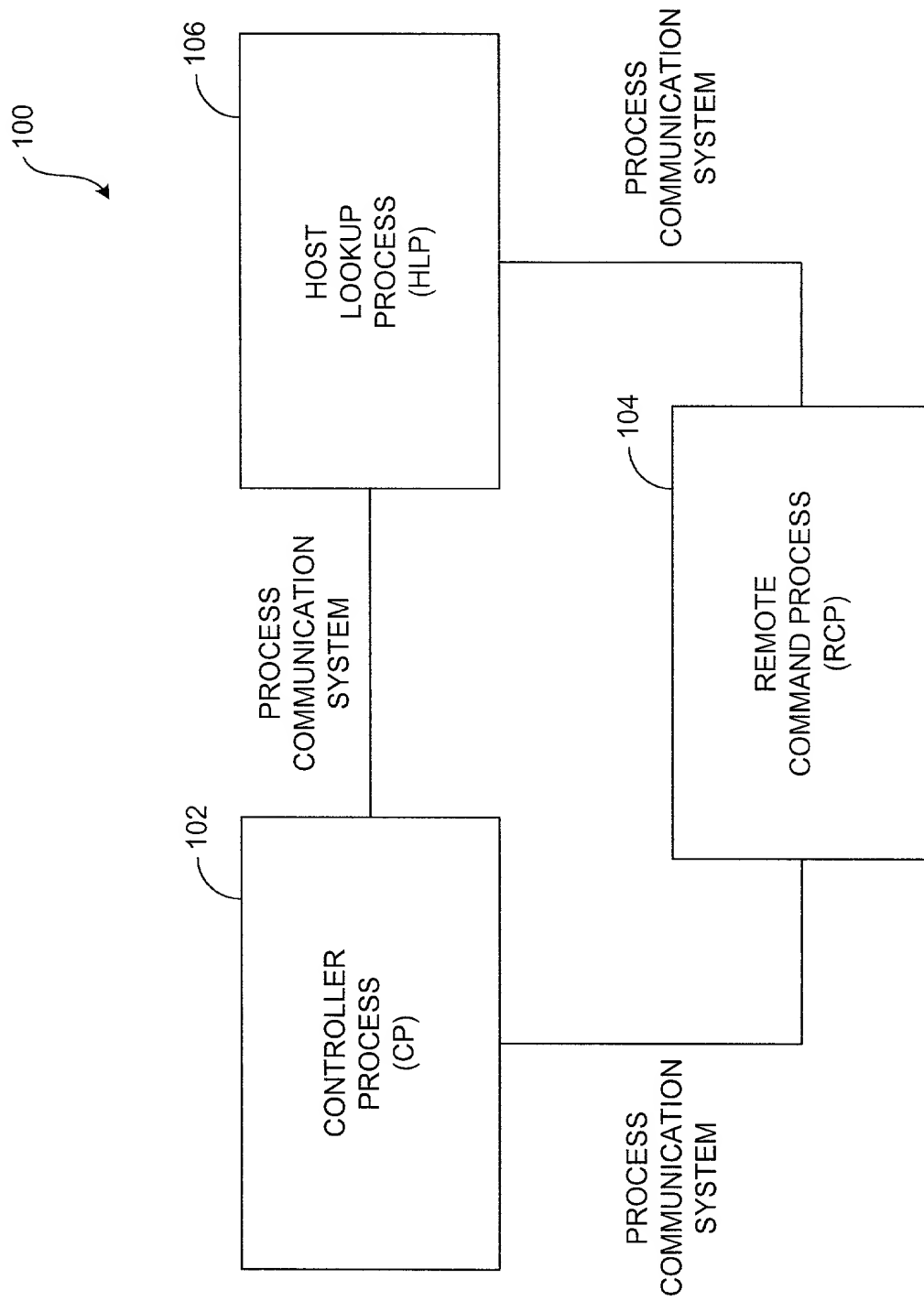


FIG. 1

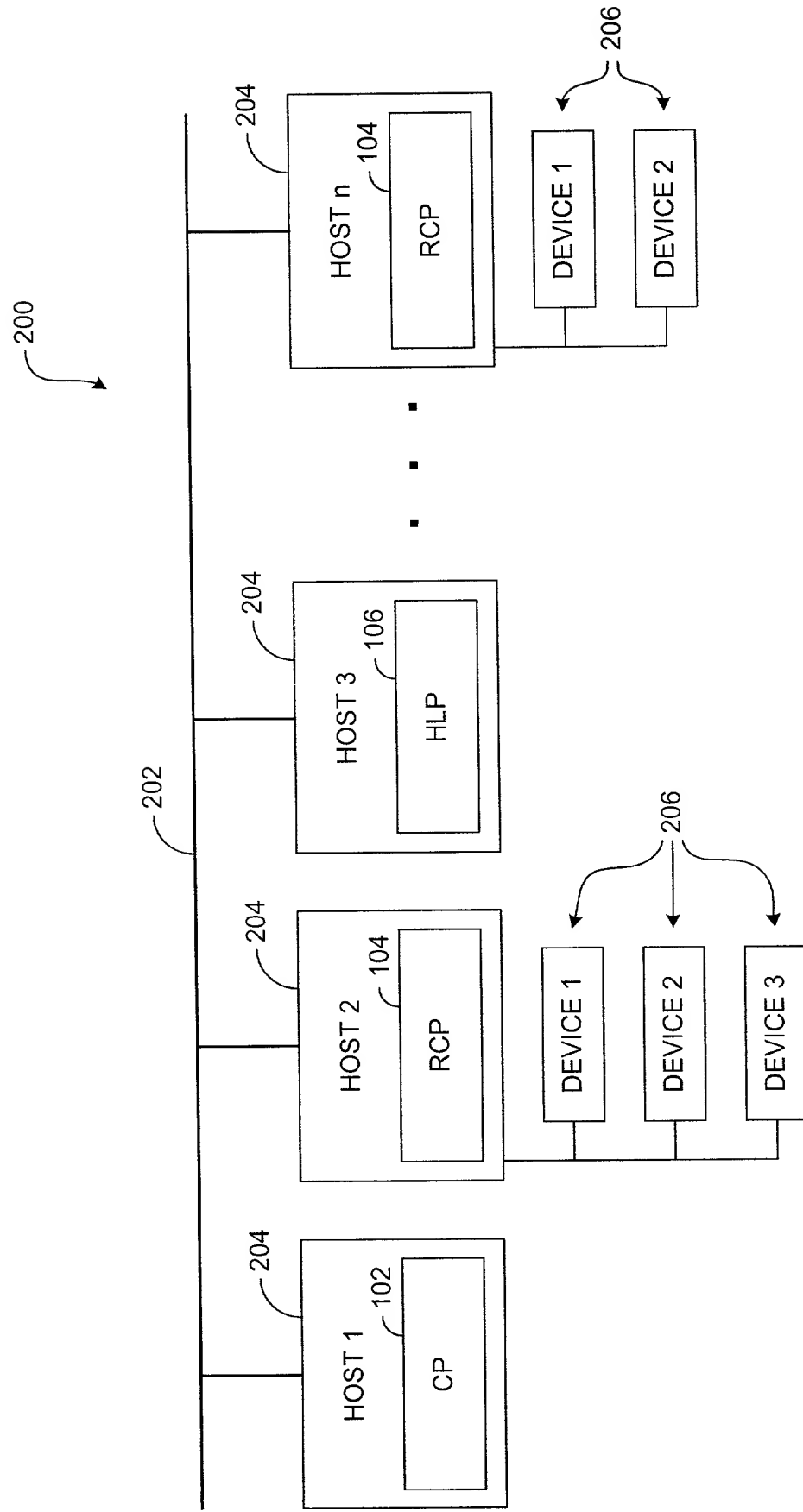


FIG. 2

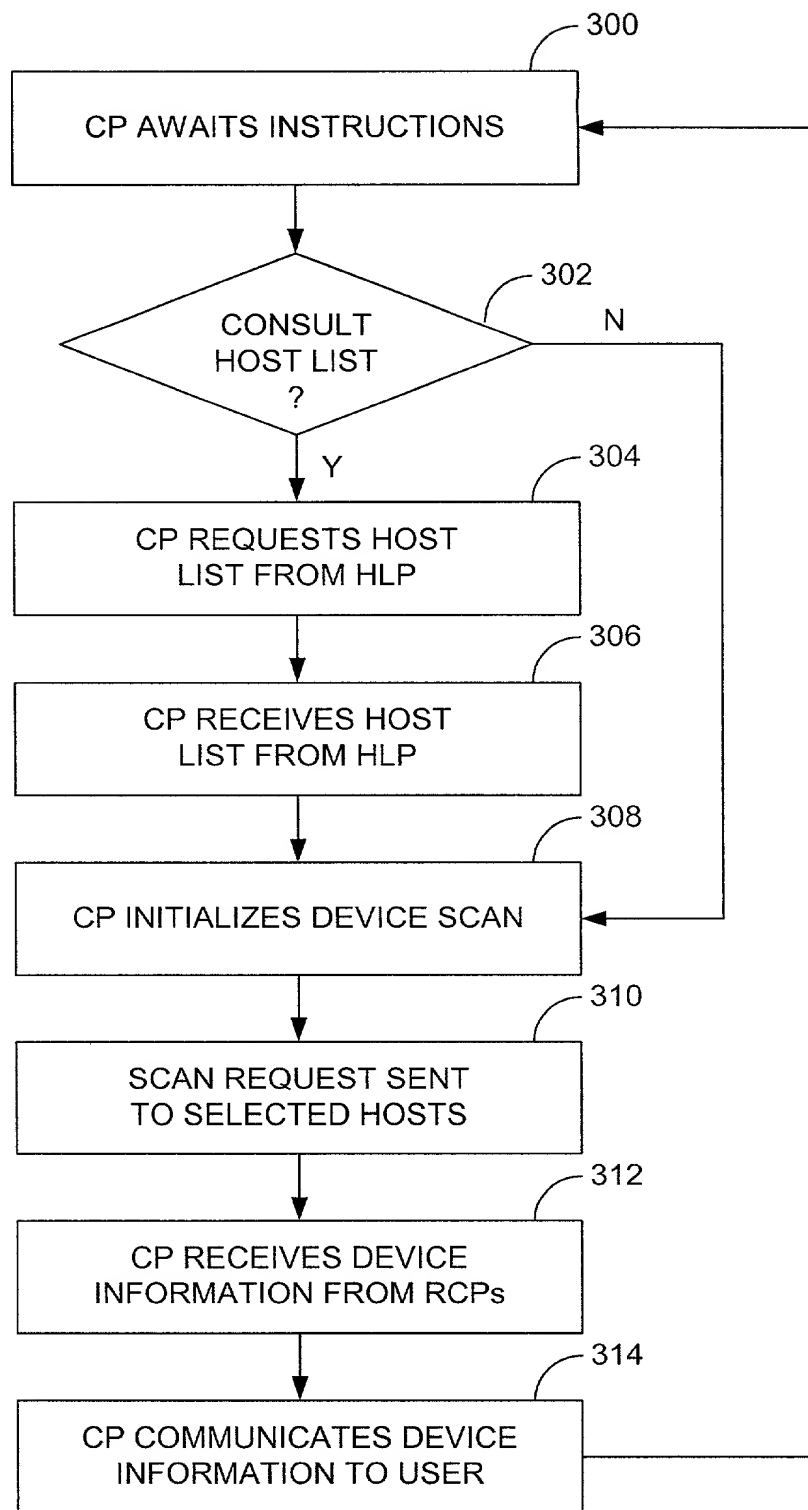


FIG. 3

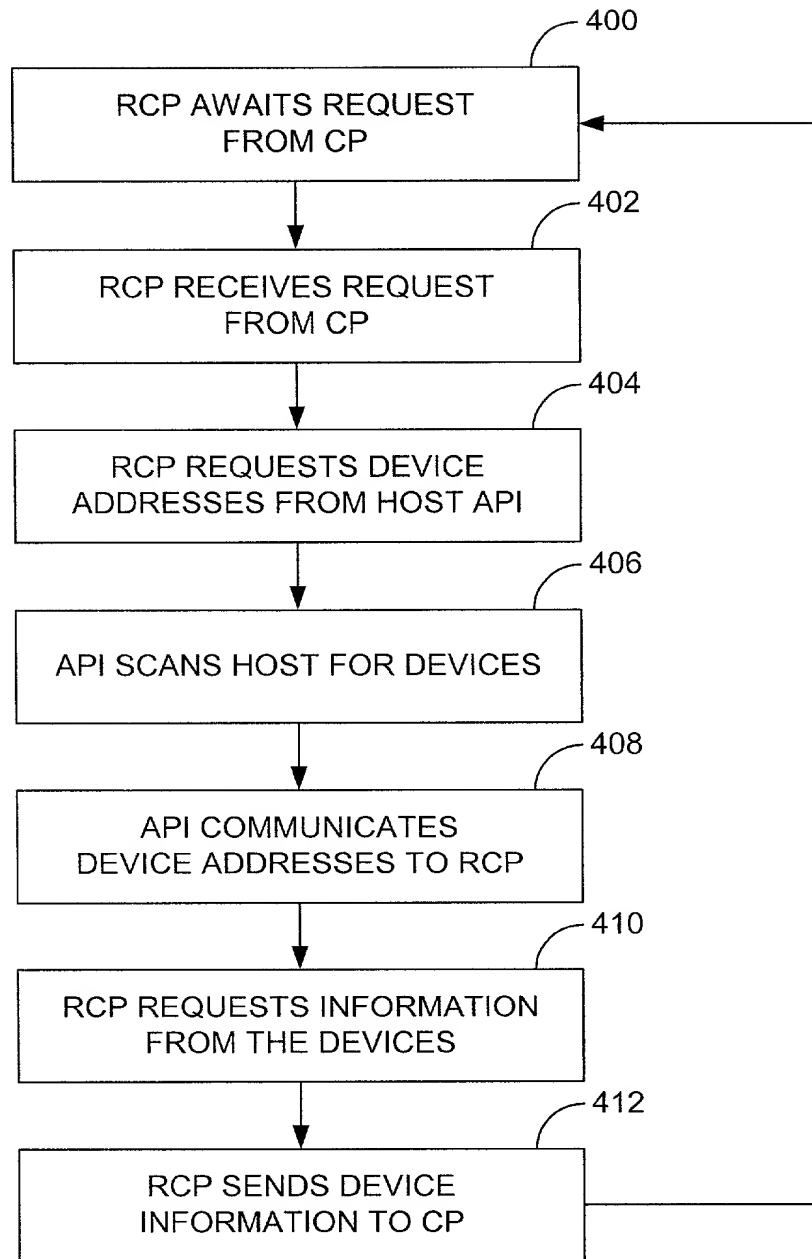


FIG. 4

**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 10004941-1

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence/post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

Device Detection System And Method

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

() was filed on _____ as US Application Serial No. or PCT International Application Number _____ and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understood the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment(s) referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56.

Foreign Application(s) and/or Claim of Foreign Priority

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code Section 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor(s) certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor(s) certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

COUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE FILED	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119
N/A			YES: _____ NO: _____
			YES: _____ NO: _____

Provisional Application

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

APPLICATION SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE
N/A	

U. S. Priority Claim

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

APPLICATION SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	STATUS (patented/pending/abandoned)
N/A		

POWER OF ATTORNEY:

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Customer Number **022879**Place Customer
Number Bar Code
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HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY
Intellectual Property Administration
P.O. Box 272400
Fort Collins, Colorado 80527-2400**Direct Telephone Calls To:****Steven L Webb**
(970) 898-7745

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Inventor's Signature _____

Date _____

**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
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Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____

Full Name of # 4 joint inventor: _____ Citizenship: _____

Residence: _____

Post Office Address: _____

Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____

Full Name of # 5 joint inventor: _____ Citizenship: _____

Residence: _____

Post Office Address: _____

Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____

Full Name of # 6 joint inventor: _____ Citizenship: _____

Residence: _____

Post Office Address: _____

Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____

Full Name of # 7 joint inventor: _____ Citizenship: _____

Residence: _____

Post Office Address: _____

Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____

Full Name of # 8 joint inventor: _____ Citizenship: _____

Residence: _____

Post Office Address: _____

Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____